Restoring Our Detroit River Giant







What are we talking about today?

- Sturgeon biology and life cycle
- History of Sturgeon in the Detroit River area
- Sturgeon spawning reef restoration projects – what is being done today to help Sturgeon recover?







Understanding the Giant

- Largest fish in the Great Lakes system!
- Size 7 feet long and up to 300 pounds!
- Lifespan: 50-150 years
- Where are Sturgeon in the food web?







Sturgeon in the food web







Understanding the Giant

- Living Fossil?
 - Appear in the fossil record 136 million years ago!
 - Upper Cretaceous Period







Living Fossil?



Great Lakes Fishery Trust



Living Fossil?





Living Fossil?



To Be a Sturgeon



- Males begin spawning at 8-12 years old
- Females begin spawning at 20 – 26 years old
- Spawn every 2-7 years
 only





Sturgeon history in the Great Lakes



- Before 1850 Nuisance species
- Mid-1800s commercially valuable
 - Caviar
 - Meat
- 1880 over 4 million pounds harvested
- 1928 less than 2000 pounds harvested
- What happened?





Sturgeon History in the Great Lakes

Why did Sturgeon decline?

- Overfishing
- Construction of dams
- Sedimentation from farming and logging
- Shipping channels
- Breeding characteristics







Sturgeon History in the Great Lakes

- 35 natural spawning areas damaged from shipping channel construction
- 28 species of fish likely used these





Sturgeon Habitat Restoration

- What habitat needs would a fish have throughout the life cycle?
- Places to:
 - Hide / Rest
 - Get food
 - Lay eggs *





Creating Sturgeon Spawning Reefs





- Interest began in 2001 to begin creating spawning reefs for Lake Sturgeon and other native fish with similar spawning habits in the Detroit River area
- How does a project like this begin?



Creating Sturgeon Spawning Reefs

- Goal restoring and creating spawning reefs
- Scientists would need to know:
 - Where have Lake Sturgeon spawned before?
 - River conditions:
 - Water temperature
 - Depth
 - Velocity
 - Bottom substrate







What conditions would attract Sturgeon?

- Lake Sturgeon (in the Detroit River area) tend to like:
 - Deep water 25-50ft
 - Fast flow at least .5 meters / sec
 - Bottom free of vegetation







Identifying the right areas

Physical river characteristics mapped and compared using GIS:



If the physical characteristics all line up properly – it could be a candidate site!





A Balancing Act











Building the Reefs

- Quarried limestone 4-8 inches in diameter
- Keeps out: Sea Lamprey and Round Goby







Building the Reefs







What does this actually look like?





Where have reefs been created?



How do we know if they work?

Monitoring and research!







How do we know if they work?

- 1 Adult fish
- Survey for adult fish using the reef – how many and what species?







Research in action...



How do we know if they work?

- 2 Eggs
- Are the adult fish laying eggs on the reef?







How do we know if the reefs work?





How do we know if they work?

- 3 Larval fish survival
- What kinds and how many larval fish are downstream of the reef?







How do we know the reefs work?

Larval Lake Sturgeon







What are the results? (as of 2015)

REEF PROJECT SPECIFICATIONS AND LAKE STURGEON SPAWNING OBSERVATIONS

| REEF PROJECT NAME | BELLE ISLE | FIGHTING ISLAND | MIDDLE CHANNEL | POINTE AUX CHENES | HARTS LIGHT | GRASSY ISLAND |
|-------------------------------------|---|--------------------------|----------------|-------------------------|----------------|---------------|
| Project Specifications | | | | | | |
| River | Detroit | Detroit | St. Clair | St. Clair | St. Clair | Detroit |
| Community | Detroit, MI | La Salle, ON | Clay, MI | Algonac, MI | East China, MI | Wyandotte, MI |
| Year Built | 2004 | 2008, 2013 (expanded) | 2012 | 2014 | 2014 | 2015 |
| Size (acres) | 0.3 | 2.0 | 1.0 | 1.5 | 3.8 | 4.0 |
| Lake Sturgeon Spawning Observations | | | | | | |
| Before Restoration | Absent | Absent | Absent | Absent | Few eggs | Absent |
| After Restoration | Adult fish, but no spawning detected | Spawning ★ confirmed | Spawning | Spawning ★ confirmed | Spawning | No data yet |

Spawning confirmed in 2016





Spawning on the Middle Channel Reef



Organizations involved:

Restoration Team:

- US Fish and Wildlife Service
- US Geological Survey
- Michigan DNR
- Michigan Sea Grant
- University of Michigan Water Center
- SmithGroup JJR
- Essex Region Conservation Authority
- Ontario Ministry of Natural Resources and Forestry
- Michigan Wildlife Conservancy
- St. Clair Detroit River Sturgeon for Tomorrow

Funding Partners:

- Great Lakes Restoration Initiative
- National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration
- Sustain Our Great Lakes
- US Fish and Wildlife Service Coastal Program
- Great Lakes Fishery Trust
- Michigan Coastal Zone Management
- Environment Canada
- Canada-Ontario Agreement
- Ontario Ministry of Natural Resources
- BASF
- DTE Energy
- Michigan Wildlife Conservancy





Stations Exploration!

- 8 groups
- 3 minutes per station





